



# Birds of a Feather: Concurrent version update

SambaXP 2026

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- Welcome to the first BoF session at SambaXP!
- Continuation of discussion recently held at Samba Online Gathering (Friday Apr. 10th)
- “Rolling updates” is one of the major and long requested features for Samba
- Actually: what is this feature all about?

# Rolling updates - Definition



- **Users expect Samba and its components to be updated individually without any interruption of the service they provide**

# Rolling updates - Examples



- Distributed systems (e.g. Ceph) typically provide this feature by having *versioning* in all public APIs
  - Only when all participants share the same version new features can be provided

# Rolling updates - Current situation



- How do things look like in Samba today?

# Rolling updates - Current situation



- Very limited support of versioned interfaces used by Samba clients and servers in general
- Upgrade-only path (on the fly conversion of databases), no downgrades possible
- No mixed versioned Samba/CTDB clusters
  - => Unavoidable service interruption during upgrade
  - => Unacceptable in enterprise use cases!

# Rolling updates - Current situation



- Do we really need versioning in our subsystems?
  - Many exposed subsystems of Samba have not changed a lot / at all over the years
  - Others have changed significantly!

# Rolling updates - Current situation



- Safeguards protecting for version mismatches
- Requirement of matching Samba versions on all cluster nodes (g\_lock.tdb)
  - allow unsafe cluster upgrade = no
- CTDB supports minor version differences (e.g. 4.24.0 and 4.24.1)
  - [https://wiki.samba.org/index.php/Upgrading\\_a\\_CTDB\\_cluster](https://wiki.samba.org/index.php/Upgrading_a_CTDB_cluster)  
(AllowMixedVersions CTDB tunable)

# Rolling updates - The challenge



- **Significant challenge to bring versioning to an unversioned distributed system!**

# Rolling updates - Versioning



- What is “versioning” ?
- Different approaches in Samba code:
  - Versioning in TDB databases:
    - Distinct versioning database records (e.g. `passwd.tdb` “INFO/VERSION” 4)
    - Use of IDL unions and infolevels for database records (e.g. `smbXsrv.idl` based tdb)
    - Repository of versions in a cluster: `smbXsrv_version_global.tdb`
  - Versioning in messaging and all other API services

# Rolling updates - Design considerations



- Major design considerations:
  - Provide rolling upgrades from current version (if possible)
  - Avoid breaking changes (if possible)
  - Incremental rollout of rolling upgrade support over multiple Samba releases
  - Consider containerized workloads with different versions accessing shared databases

# Rolling updates - Use cases



- Focus on use-cases:
  - Winbind/CTDB as authentication/authorization source for external services (NFS Ganesha)
    - limited set of subsystems
    - limited set of tdb's involved
    - limited set of messaging operations
  - Mixed client and servers per node
    - Example: utilities reading and writing to smbprofile.tdb (Prometheus exporter, smbstatus)
  - Clustered SMB service

# Rolling updates - Design proposal



- Design proposal by Xavi Hernandez:
  - <https://gitlab.com/xhernandez/samba-rolling-upgrades>
  - Focus on low-level TDB versioning
  - => Community feedback: TDB changes too complex and “too low-level” and making shift to alternative CTDB database backends also too difficult

# Rolling updates - Discussion



- What are the possible next steps?
  - Significantly invest into test automation to
    - verify current interfaces
    - prevent any future breaking changes to established and public interfaces
  - Convert Samba subsystems to use IDL based structures
  - Define abstraction APIs on top of dbwrap controlled databases
- Versioned APIs is not enough, who orchestrates?



Questions?