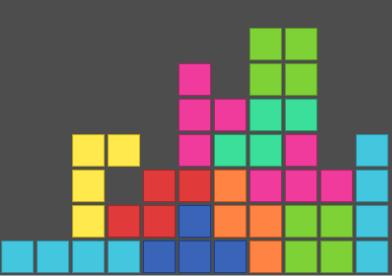
Samba AD / MIT Kerberos: Path out of experimental

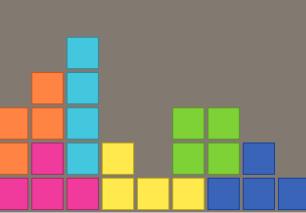
SambaXP 2023





About Alexander

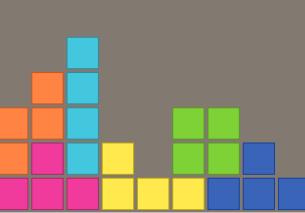
- FreeIPA core developer
- Samba Core Team member since 2003





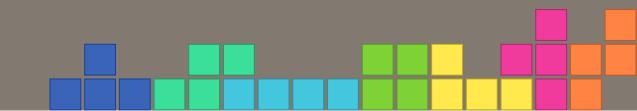
About Andreas

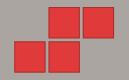
Samba maintainer at Red Hat
Samba Core Team member since 2010





Who remembers SambaXP 2017





May the force



SAMBA AD for the Enterprise

May 4th, 2017

Andreas Schneider

Red Hat Inc.



Back to 2017

- → PKINIT support (should work, tests missing)
- \rightarrow Smartcard support
- \rightarrow Kerberos impersonation support (S4U2SELF/S4U2PROXY)
- \rightarrow RODC support (We need a libkdc from MIT Kerberos for that)



What did we do since then?

- PKINIT support
- ✓ Smartcard support
- ✓ Services for you (S4U2Self/S4U2Proxy)
- 😭 RODC support (We need a MIT libkdc first)



What did we do instead?

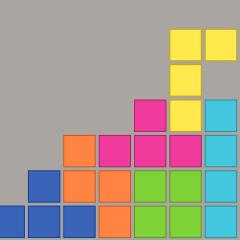
We implemented support for

- Second Resource-Based Constrained Delegation (RBCD)
- 😀 Asserted Identity (S4U2Self indicator)



What was driving this work?

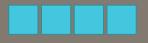
 Security bugs in Kerberos protocols and implementations



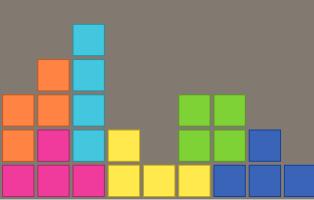


Which security bugs?

- Bronze bit attack (CVE-2020-17049)
- Identity mismatch issues with unprotected parts of Kerberos tickets (CVE-2020-25719, CVE-2020-25718, CVE-2020-25717)
- Yet more issues with unprotected parts of Kerberos tickets (CVE-2022-37967)



Bronze bit attack (CVE-2020-17049)





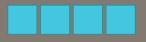
Bronze bit attack

 Bronze Bit attack is another variation of the older Golden Ticket and Silver Ticket attacks against Kerberos authentication



Bronze bit attack

 The difference between Golden Ticket, Silver Ticket, and now the Bronze Bit attacks is in what parts of the Kerberos authentication protocol attackers go after



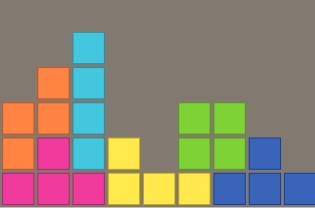
Bronze bit attack

• In the case of Bronze Bit, attackers target the S4U2self and S4U2proxy protocols



Bronze bit mitigation

Pre-requisite work for Resource-Based Constrained Delegation (RBCD) support





Bronze bit work

- RBCD implementation needed in MIT Kerberos
 - Caused API change for the KDB interface how to issue PACs
 - Started by Isaac Boukris and continued by Robbie Harwood, then Andreas and Greg Hudson finished it
 - Isaac also started to implement the client side in Heimdal



Bronze bit work ...

benefited from Kerberos test suite in Samba!

- First time we had comprehensive Kerberos test suite for AD interoperability, thanks to Joseph Sutton and Isaac Boukris!
- MIT KRB5 PR:

https://github.com/krb5/krb5/pull/1225
Samba MR: https://gitlab.com/sambateam/samba/-/merge_requests/2330



RBCD

RBCD is a key for cross-forest communication

- FreeIPA design document collects many use cases here (thanks to Isaac!)
- Delegation of credentials across the forest trust is not possible anymore without RBCD!!
- RBCD is not supported by Heimdal-based Samba
 AD (yet?)

samba-tool delegation --help

Then it was getting dark in the forest

Security update by MS on Nov 9th 2021

Four issues among the published security fixes were attributed to Samba Team and its members:

CVE-2021-42291: ADDS EvP Vulnerability
CVE-2021-42287: ADDS EvP Vulnerability
CVE-2021-42282: ADDS EvP Vulnerability
CVE-2021-42278: ADDS EvP Vulnerability

Samba did a coordinated release

- CVE-2020-25717: A user on the domain can become root on domain members
- CVE-2020-25718: Samba AD DC did not correctly sandbox Kerberos tickets issued by an RODC
- CVE-2020-25719: Samba AD DC did not always rely on the SID and PAC in Kerberos tickets

Kerberos identity mismatches

Common problem for MIT Kerberos and Heimdal Kerberos-based Samba AD

- The POSIX identity is not tied to Kerberos principal:
 - If mapping is misused, bad things can happen
 root\$ machine account could login as root user

Kerberos identity mismatches

Name-based authentication has been known to have issues for a long time
There is a lack of user or group namespaces: a root user defined on one Linux machine would not necessarily be the same root user as on the other Linux machine

Names/principals in the Kerberos Protocol

- The Kerberos protocol deals with principals user@REALM
- For authorization purposes applications need to map a Kerberos principal to a local operating system user identity.
- Mapping identities between different representations is a tough problem.

Kerberos and the PAC

- One of extensions to Kerberos protocol introduced in AD is the PAC (Privilege Attribute Certificate)
- If PAC is present the application could use the PAC properties to map the Kerberos principal more precisely -- even on Linux.
- If an attacker is able to request a ticket without PAC, an application would be like a Cyclops: single-eyed and potentially fooled by an attacker.

Fixing Kerberos identity mismatches in Samba AD

- Fix required better protection at the database layer in Active Directory
- Also required enforcements of cryptographic signatures in Kerberos tickets
- Enforcement of PACs to convey more information about the environment to apps

CVE-2020-25719 (Always require PAC)

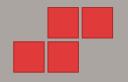
We require a PAC to be present now
New PAC_REQUESTER_SID buffer (in addition)
The KDC now validates that the client principal (username) resolves to the same SID that is used in the PAC_REQUESTOR_SID buffer of the PAC

CVE-2020-25718 (RODC)

- Samba support Read-Only Domain Controller (RODC), which is meant to have minimal privileges in a domain.
- Missing RODC checks allowed the RODC to issue Admin tickets (Heimdal only)

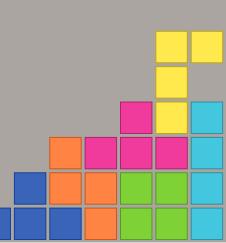
CVE-2020-25718 (User mapping)

- A user in an AD Domain could become root on domain members
- Prevent mapping users lower than a minimum uid (1000 by default)
- man smb.conf -> min domain uid





Collaboration with MIT Kerberos



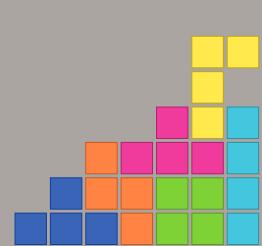


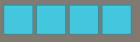
Collaboration with MIT Kerberos

- Responsive community
- People with great knowledge about Kerberos
- Tests cover scenarios we don't cover with Samba



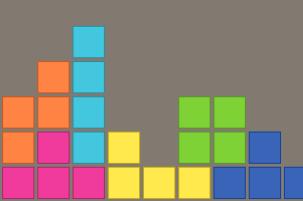
New KDB API for issuing PACs

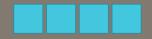






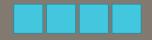
What's still missing





What's still missing

- Authentication audit logging (implemented but tests don't pass) https://git.samba.org/?
 p=asn/samba.git;a=shortlog;h=refs/heads/asnmit-kdc-auditlog
- Support for ECC in PKINIT in MIT Kerberos
- Support for compound claims (for AD Federated Services)



Path to productization

- Get Samba tests adjust to accept MIT Kerberos error codes
- Release Samba AD/MIT build as production ready setup in Fedora 39+
- Get Samba selftest running as part of RPM process
 - Work with Fedora QA to test Samba AD at compose level



Running Samba selftest

- Run Samba selftest as part of Fedora gating
- Gating runs tests after building packages and before they go into the distro
- Allows to detect issues early

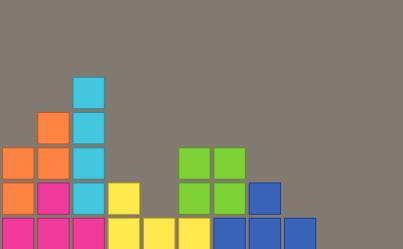


Fedora QA integration

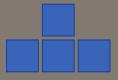
- Fedora QA runs OpenQA instance
- Allows to test full cycle: boot VM, network, graphics, etc.
- Already runs FreeIPA domain controllers and clients

Fedora QA integration

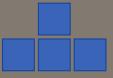












Questions?

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Blog: blog.cryptomilk.org