WARP Core OpenChange Server

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- Provides a portable Open Source implementation of Microsoft Exchange Server and Exchange protocols.
- Exchange is a groupware server designed to work with Microsoft Outlook providing a messaging server, shared calendars, contact databases, public folders, notes and tasks.
- OpenChange is working on two different aspects:
 - Interoperability with Exchange protocols
 - Transparent replacement to Microsoft Exchange Server with native Exchange protocols support and direct communication with Microsoft Outlook



Why OpenChange at Samba XP ?

- OpenChange client framework is relying on several Samba components and libraries:
 - exchange.idl processed by pidl (Perl IDL compiler)
 - dcerpc, ndr for MSRPC stack
 - Idb and tdb for databases
 - talloc for memory allocation
- OpenChange server side is plugged into Samba4:
 - Extensively use Samba Active Directory
 - Developed as endpoint servers for Samba4



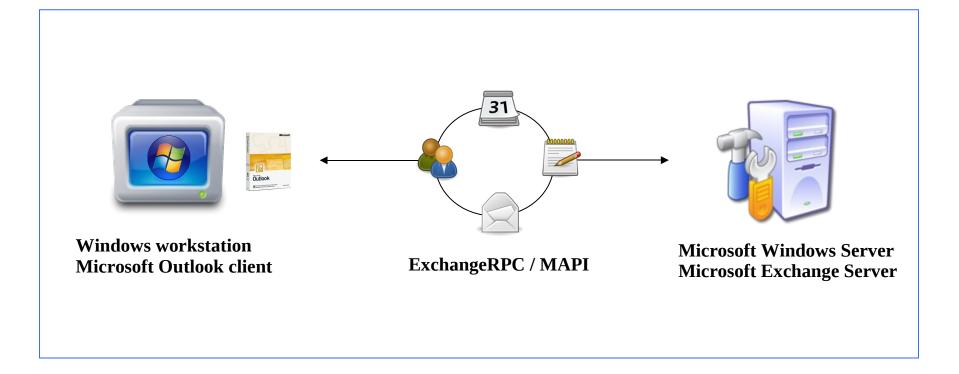


The « not so secret » plan revealed





Classical Microsoft Exchange environment



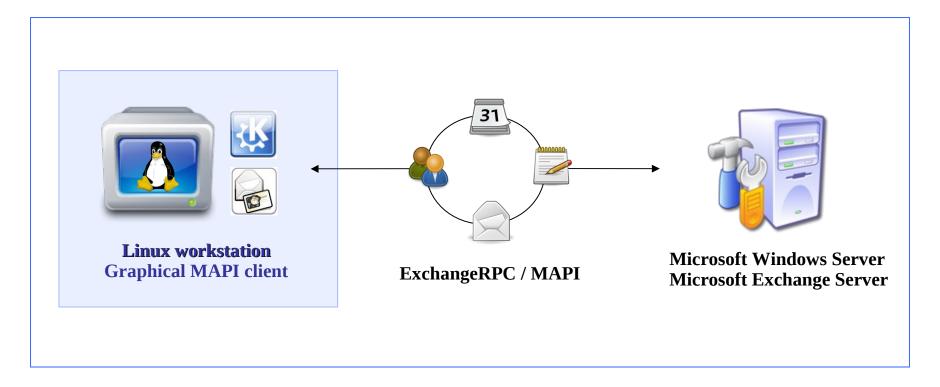
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OpenChange 2008-2009



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Client Migration



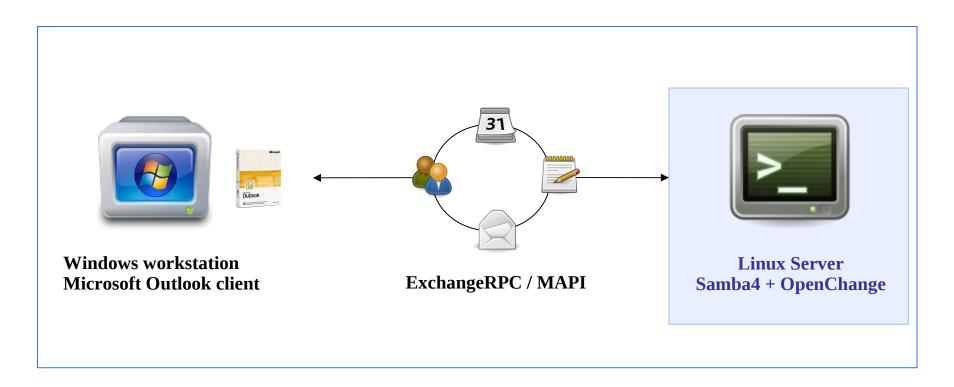
No modifications required on Exchange server

(Neither WebDAV nor specific connector/provider)



2

Exchange Server Migration



No modifications required on Outlook clients - works out of the box

(Neither WebDAV nor specific connector to install)

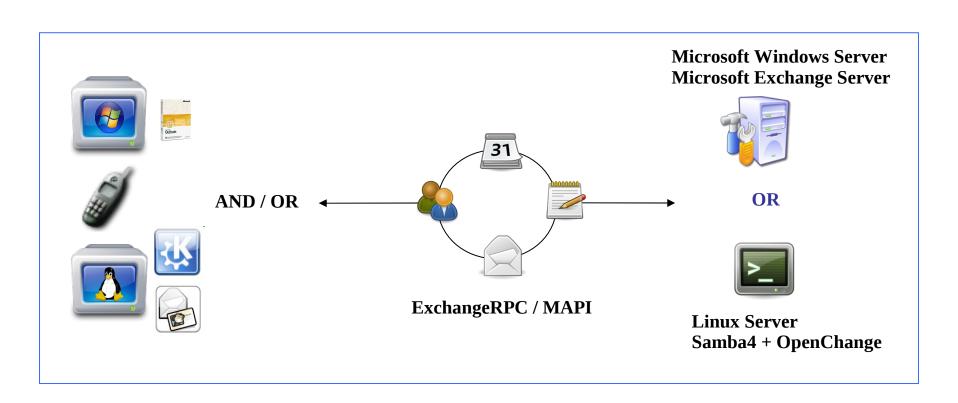
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OpenChange 2008-2009



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Heterogeneous environment & complete interoperability





 OpenChange and Samba4 client libraries have now been integrated into various Linux distributions









- Part of Fedora Core 11 Leonidas core distribution
- Also available for:
 - Ubuntu 9.04 Jaunty
 - Debian Etch 4.0 (experimental)
 - Suse Linux
- Distributed with evolution-mapi package for Gnome 2.26
- Portage effort has been provided for:
 - FreeBSD 7.0
 - Windows port of OpenChange and Samba4 client libs at some point?



OpenChange MAPI library is maturing well

- Consistent return type
- Memory leak and gcc warnings fixed
- API coverage (mapitest unit tests) and documentation
- We are now running a buildbot

New features

- New ROPs integrated
- Multisession code and multiple Mailbox Logon
- Clustered Exchange support
- FreeBusy support
- Preliminay Pyhon bindings
- Provisioning scripts moved from EJS to Python





Google Summer of Code 2009

OpenChange

3 slots allocated for promising projects:



• Proposal: Thunderbird Integration with OpenChange

Student: Andrey Yakubovich

• Mentor: Jelmer Vernooij + Mozilla co-mentoring



• Proposal: Graphical front-end for OpenChange

Student: Billy Okal

Mentor: Julien Kerihuel



• Proposal: Exchange2ICAL tool

Student: Ryan Lepinsky

Mentor: Brad Hards





The French Waiter technique





The French Waiter technique

- Salt coffee:
 - How does the customer react?
 - Silently drink it (French and their Chef's speciality ...)
 - Ask for another one (politely or not)
 - Swear and leave





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- How long does he wait? (indefinitely, 5 minutes etc.)
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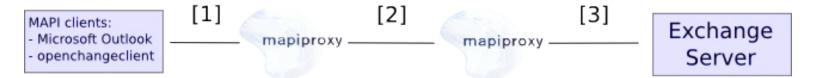
Pretend you don't understand English:

- How many tries before he leave?
- Does the client try to order in another language?





What is OpenChange Proxy?



- Proxy server for ExchangeRPC traffic
 - Transparent/Intercepting proxy:
 - Does not modify request/responses beyond what is required for authentication and identification
 - Non-Transparent proxy:
 - modifies the request or response in order to provide some added service to the user agent
 - Forwarding proxy:
 - Forward inbound/outbound traffic
 - Cache results



• Why was OpenChangeProxy developed ?

- Writing a server is not trivial
- While openchange MAPI library can test Exchange Server behavior, we had no similar tool to test Outlook behavior
- Helps figuring out what is required/mandatory and what is optional (for preliminary OpenChange Server implementation)

How is it developed?

- Endpoint server for Samba4
- dcerpc endpoint servers = epmapper, mapiproxy
- Initial server skeleton based on dcerpc_remote endpoint from Stefan
 Metzemacher
- Register all (used) Exchange endpoints only once for all:
 - exchange_ds_rfr (NSPI Referral Service)
 - exchange_nsp (NSPI protocol)
 - exchange_emsmdb (EMSMDB protocol)
- Microsoft Exchange Servers/Protocols Hub for Samba4

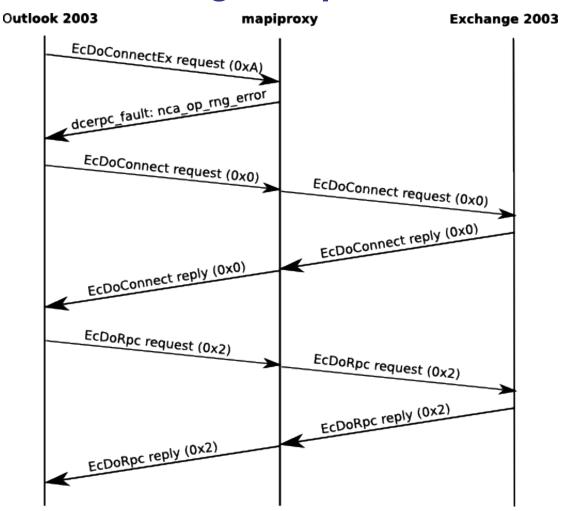




- Some « French Waiter techniques » involved in OpenChange proxy:
 - EcDoConnect downgrade process
 - NSPI bindings replacement

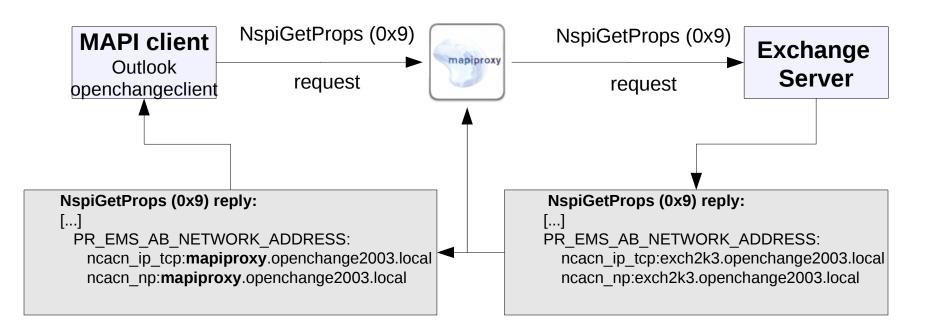


EcDoConnect downgrade process





NSPI bindings replacement





Provide a stackable modules system

- Development framework to add new features
- Let developers focus on ExchangeRPC traffic rather than transport
- Russian Dolls

Stackable:

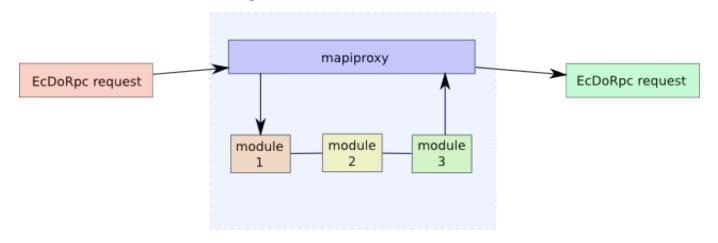
- Modules are added to a list
- Each of these modules can have a specific scope
- Modifications from one module transparently relayed to the next one
- They have a limited set of hooks

Mapiproxy modules are DSO (dynamic shared object):

- Install in a specific location (dcerpc_mapiproxy folder)
- Enabled or not in smb.conf:
 - dcerpc_mapiproxy:modules = downgrade,dummy
 - Modules are sequentially processed
 - Module ordering matters



Stackable modules figure



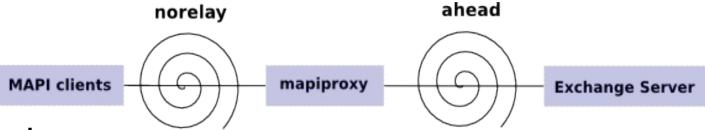
Endpoints and modules figure





mapiproxy structure

- Sometimes a module may want to bypass the module stack
- Want to impact the overall openchange proxy behavior
- Modules can alter the default behavior in their dispatch routine



norelay:

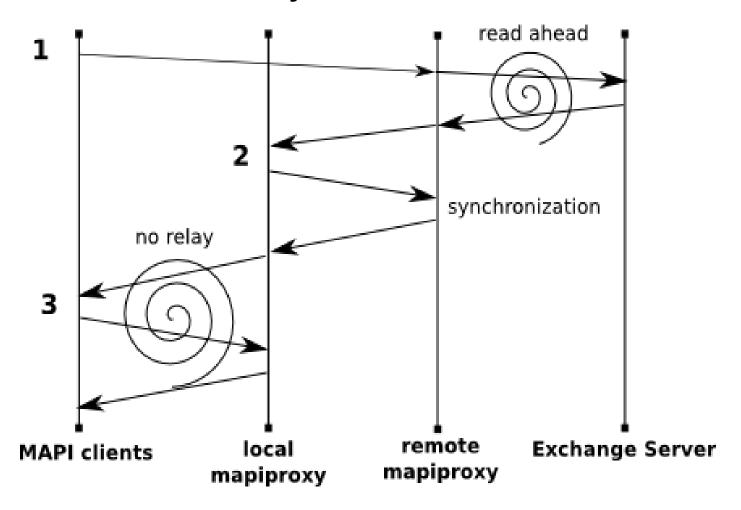
- Boolean variable
- Do not to relay the incoming request to the remote server
- directly jump to the push (response) openchange proxy code

ahead:

- Boolean variable
- Do not to relay the incoming response to the client through the push and dcerpc_ndr_request routine
- loop over the dispatch routine



The cache module study case



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OpenChange Proxy

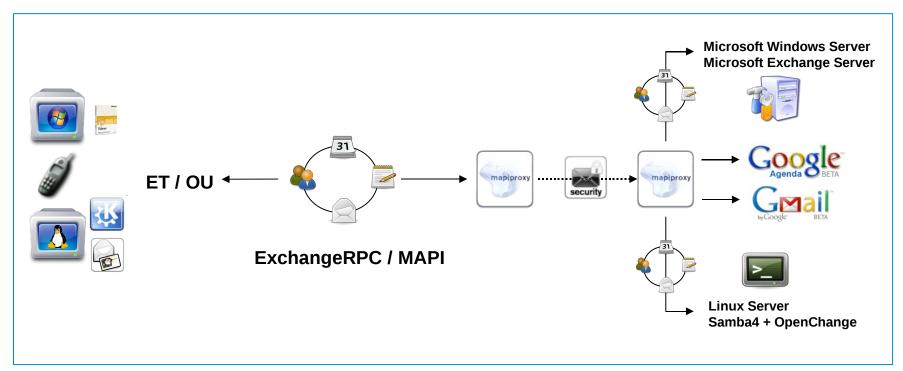


mapisession API

- Server creates the session context using dcerpc_handle_new()
- Mapiproxy relays the traffic and relies on handle returned by Exchange and used by Outlook
- If a module is performing complex operations with a lifetime > 1
 call, you need to save the server policy_handle for further calls
- Mapisession API makes this tracking easier to handle:
 - create a context
 - can store private data
 - can set a destructor
 - compare current session with saved one
 - release the context



OK ... looks great, but give me a study case where it may be useful



Upcoming features:

- full credentials support (delegated credentials)
- clustered Exchange environment support



EPITECH Security Project



Gcalendar and bogofilter module





- Once upon a time ... SambaXP 2006 and the NSPI (Address Book) server:
 - Outlook able to setup Exchange server account using OpenChange server only
 - Exchange username(s) lookup
 - Acive Directory Wrapper
 - Outlook was happy with the information the server returned

- dcesrv_exchange_nsp dynamic shared object
- The NSPI server was registering the exchange_nsp endpoint itself
- Used a lot of French Cafe techniques and a bit of waiter's ones.

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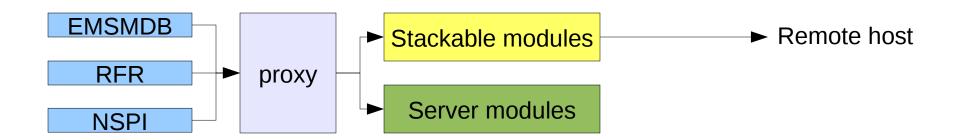


- However openchange proxy already registers NSPI endpoint
- This meant we could only have openchange proxy or NSPI server registered at once.
- This was a very restrictive limitation for packaging and distributions.

Solution:

- 1. Turn openchange proxy into a hub for servers AND modules
- 2. Turn the existing NSPI server into a server module
- 3. Improve NSPI server behavior using MS-NSPI.pdf specifications

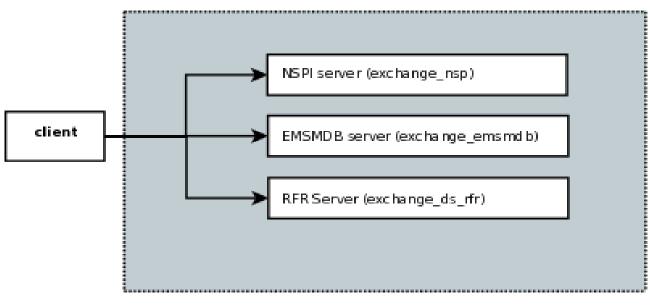




- Disabled by default, servers can be enabled through a single smb.conf option
- Case 1:
 - Enable NSPI server only
 - Use modules and remote server for other endpoints
- Case 2:
 - Let 3rd party vendors write their own provider



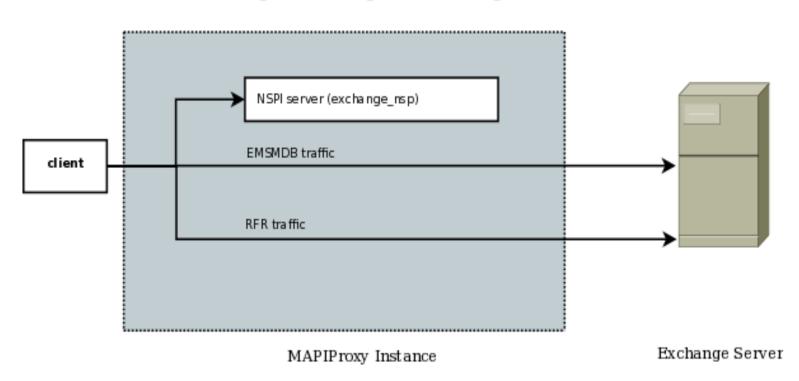
dcerpc mapiproxy:server = true



MAPIProxy Instance

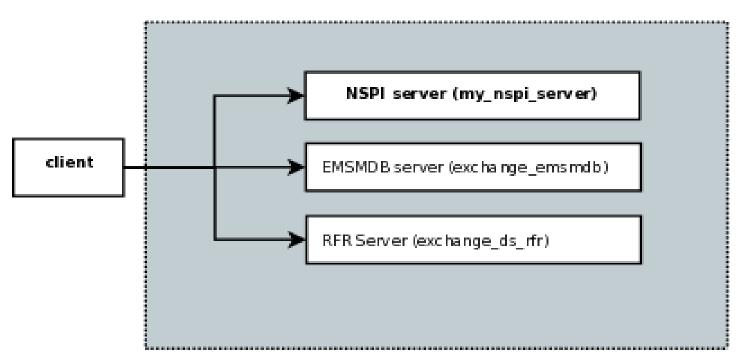


dcerpc_mapiproxy:server = false
dcerpc_mapiproxy:nspi_server = exchange_nsp





dcerpc_mapiproxy:server = true
dcerpc mapiproxy:nspi server = my nspi server



MAPIProxy Instance





- EMSMDB/MAPI Store: The WARP core
 - This is the server users are mostly referring to when they talk about Exchange Server.
 - Message store



Main question:

What are the requirements to write a Proof of Concept server server that does something?



- How to write a working/demo POC?
 - We need to know how fault tolerant Outlook is:
 - Minimum required of MAPI calls to launch properly
 - Alinto got through this step internship/documentation
 - Which data does Outlook fundamentally ask for?
 - What are the Exchange semantics needed to write the POC?
 - What about the complete customizable storage backend system?



 Won't go much into details ... because the technology is pretty immature/draft

- However:
 - OpenChange Dispatcher database
 - LDB database referencing root/special mailbox folders and including a storage namespace attribute
 - We can have one different storage backend fo each root/special folder
 - MAPIStore abstraction layer
 - Modular storage abstraction layer
 - Abstract the MAPI semantics from the storage layer



 We obviously failed showing up a server serving basic/faked e-mails for SambaXP 2009

- So what is the next step?
 - Consolidate the client-side
 - Improve the user desktop experience with Exchange
 - Production environment for openchangeproxy
 - September objective:
 - A preliminary server doing mail and calendaring





Questions?